SIEMENS 4<sup>714</sup>



 $\mathsf{ACVATIX}^\mathsf{TM}$ 

# Modulating refrigerant valves with magnetic actuator, PS45

Hermetically sealed, for safety refrigerants

MVL661..-..

- One valve type for expansion, hot-gas and suction throttle applications
- Hermetically sealed towards outside
- Selectable standard interface DC 0/2...10 V or DC 0/4...20 mA
- High resolution and control accuracy
- Precise positioning control and position feedback signal
- Short positioning time (< 1 s)
- Closed when deenergized
- Robust and maintenance-free
- Six valve sizes with  $k_{vs}$  values from 0.25 to 12  $m^3/h$

#### Use

The MVL661..-.. refrigerant valve is designed for modulating control of refrigerant circuits including chillers and heat pumps. It can be used in expansion, hot-gas and suction throttle applications as well as with all commonly used safety refrigerants (R22, R134a, R227ea, R404A, R407C, R410A, etc.) and R744 (CO<sub>2</sub>).

| Type reference   | DN  | <b>k<sub>vs</sub></b><br>[m³/h] | k <sub>vs</sub> reduced <sup>1)</sup> [m <sup>3</sup> /h] | <b>Δp</b> <sub>max</sub><br>[MPa] | Q <sub>0</sub> E<br>[kW] | <b>Q₀ H</b><br>[kW] | <b>Q</b> <sub>0</sub> <b>D</b><br>[kW] |
|------------------|-----|---------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--|
| NN/1 004 45 0 4  | 15  | 0.40                            |   |                                   | 47                       | 9.2                 | 1.7                                    |
| MVL661.15-0.4    | 15  |                                 | 0.25  |                                   | 29                       | 5.7                 | 1.0                                    |
| MV// 004 45 4 0  | 15  | 1.0                             |   |                                   | 117                      | 23                  | 4.2                                    |
| MVL661.15-1.0    | 15  |                                 | 0.63  | 0.5                               | 74                       | 14                  | 2.6                                    |
| MV// CC4 00 0 5  | 00  | 2.5                             |   | 2.5                               | 293                      | 57                  | 10                                     |
| MVL661.20-2.5    | 20  |                                 | 1.6   |                                   | 187                      | 37                  | 6.6                                    |
| MV// 004 05 0 0  | 0.5 | 6.3                             |   |                                   | 737                      | 144                 | 26                                     |
| MVL661.25-6.3    | 25  |                                 | 4   |                                   | 468                      | 92                  | 17                                     |
| NAV (1 004 00 40 | 00  | 10                              |   | 1.6                               | 1170                     | 230                 | 42                                     |
| MVL661.32-10     | 32  | ·                               | 6.3   |                                   | 740                      | 140                 | 26                                     |
|                  | 20  | 12                              |   |                                   | 2)                       | 2)                  | 50                                     |
| MVL661.32-12     | 32  |                                 | 8   | 0.2                               | 2)                       | 2)                  | 33                                     |

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  63% of  $k_{vs}$ , refer to " $k_{vs}$  reduction" on page 4

The pressure drop across evaporator and condenser is assumed to be 0.3 bar each, and 1.6 bar upstream of the evaporator (e.g. spider).

The capacities specified are based on superheating by 6 K and subcooling by 2 K.

The refrigeration capacity for various refrigerants and operating conditions can be calculated for the 3 types of application using the tables on page 14.

For accurate valve sizing, we recommend the valve selection program "Refrigeration VASP".

#### Ordering

Valve body and magnetic actuator form one integral unit and cannot be separated.

Example:

| Product number | Stock number  | Designation       |
|----------------|---------------|-------------------|
| MVL661.15-0.4  | MVL661.15-0.4 | Refrigerant valve |

#### Spare parts

If the valve's electronics become faulty, the entire electronics housing must be replaced by spare part ASR61, supplied complete with mounting instructions (74 319 0270 0).

Rev. no.

See table on page 18.

#### Function / mechanical design

#### Features and benefits

- 4 selectable standard signals for setpoint and measured value
- $\bullet\,$  DIP switch to reduce the  $k_{vs}$  value to 63% of the nominal value
- · Potentiometer for adjustment of minimum stroke for suction throttle applications
- · Automatic stroke calibration
- · Forced control input for "Valve closed" or "Valve fully open"
- · LED for indicating the operating state

MVL661.32-12.0 is only approved for suction throttle applications

 $k_{vs}$  Nominal flow rate of refrigerant through the fully open valve (H<sub>100</sub>) at a differential pressure of 100 kPa (1 bar) to VDI 2173

Q<sub>0</sub> E Refrigeration capacity in expansion applications

 $Q_0\ H$  Refrigeration capacity in hot-gas bypass applications

 $Q_0\,D\,$  Refrigeration capacity in suction throttle applications and  $\Delta p$  = 0.5 bar

 $Q_0$  With R407C at  $t_0 = 0$  °C,  $t_c = 40$  °C

#### **Drive**

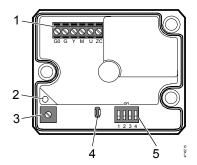
The MVL661..-.. can be driven by Siemens or third-party controllers that deliver a DC 0/2...10 V or DC 0/4...20 mA output signal.

For optimum control performance, we recommend a 4-wire connection between controller and valve. When operating on DC voltage, a 4-wire connection is **mandatory**! The valve stroke is proportional to the control signal.

#### Spring return facility

If the positioning signal is interrupted, or in the event of a power failure, the valve's return spring will automatically close control path  $A \rightarrow AB$ .

Operator controls and indicators in the electronics housing



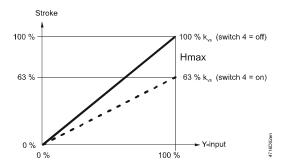
- 1 Connection terminals
- 2 LED for indication of operating state
- 3 Minimal stroke setting potentiometer Rv
- 4 Autocalibration
- 5 DIL switches for mode control

## Configuration of DIL switches

| Switch         | Function                          | ON / OFF | Description                    |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------|
| ON<br>SS D D D | Desitioning signal V              | ON       | Current [mA]                   |
| 4744202        | Positioning signal Y              | OFF      | Voltage [V] 1)                 |
| NO ON          | Positioning range Y and U         | ON       | DC 210 V, 420 mA               |
| 2              | Positioning range 1 and 0         | OFF      | DC 010 V, 020 mA <sup>1)</sup> |
| V 0N           | Position feedback U               | ON       | Current [mA]                   |
| 474420         | F OSITION TEEGDACK O              | OFF      | Voltage [V] 1)                 |
| NO             | Nominal flow rate k <sub>vs</sub> | ON       | 63%                            |
| 4              | Nonina now rate K <sub>vs</sub>   | OFF      | 100% <sup>1)</sup>             |

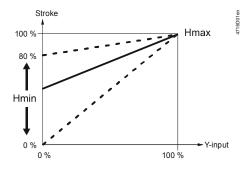
Factory setting

#### k<sub>vs</sub>-reduction



For  $k_{vs}$  reduction (DIL switch 4 in position ON), the stroke is limited to 63% mechanical stroke. 63% of full stroke then corresponds to an input/output signal of 10 V. If, in addition, the stroke is limited to 80%, for example, the minimum stroke is 0.63 x 0.8 = 0.50 of full stroke.

# Minimum stroke setting



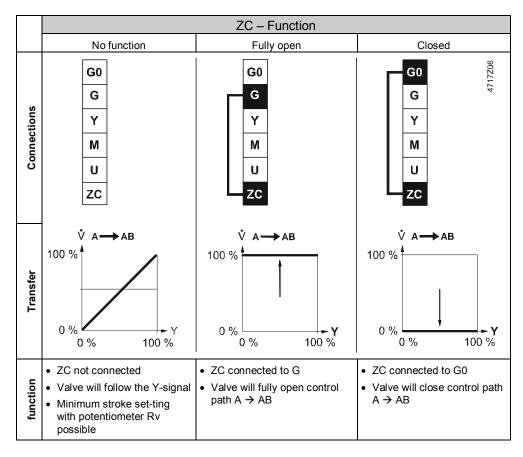
In the case of a suction throttle valve, it is essential that a minimum stroke limit be maintained to ensure compressor cooling and efficient oil return. This can be achieved with a reinjection valve, a bypass line across the valve, or a guaranteed minimum opening of the valve. The minimum stroke can be defined via the controller and control signal Y, or it can be set directly with potentiometer Rv.

The **factory setting** is zero (mechanical stop in counterclockwise direction, CCW). The minimum stroke can be set by turning the potentiometer clockwise (CW) to a maximum of  $80\%~k_{\mbox{\tiny NS}}$ .

## Caution $\triangle$

Do not under any circumstances use potentiometer Rv to limit the stroke on expansion applications. It must be possible to close the valve fully.

#### Forced control input ZC



#### Signal priority

- 1. Forced control signal ZC
- 2. Signal input Y and/or minimum stroke setting with potentiometer Rv possible.

#### Calibration

The printed circuit board of the MVL661..-.. has a slot to facilitate calibration. To calibrate, insert a screwdriver in the slot so that the contacts inside are connected. As a result, the valve will first be fully closed and then fully opened.



Calibration matches the electronics to the valve mechanism.

During calibration, the green LED flashes for about 10 seconds; refer to "Indication of operating state" (page 5).

#### MVL661..-.. refrigerant valves are supplied fully calibrated.

When is a calibration required?

Execute a calibration after replacing the electronics, when the red LED is lit or flashing or when the valve is leaking (at seat).

## Indication of operating state

| LED   | Indication |       | Function                              | Remarks, troubleshooting  |
|-------|------------|-------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Green | Lit        |       | Control mode                          | Automatic operation; everything o.k.                                  |
|       | Flashing   | -)4(- | Calibration in progress               | Wait until calibration is finished (green or red LED will be lit)     |
| Red   | Lit        |       | Calibration error Internal error      | Recalibrate (operate button in opening 1x) Replace electronics module |
|       | Flashing   | -)Ф(- | Mains fault                           | Check mains network (outside the frequency or voltage range)          |
| Both  | Dark       | 0     | No power supply<br>Electronics faulty | Check mains network, check wiring Replace electronics module          |

#### Connection type 1)

Always give preference to a 4-wire connection!

4-wire connection 3-wire connection

|                | S <sub>NA</sub> | P <sub>MED</sub> | I <sub>F</sub> | Wire cross-section [mm <sup>2</sup> ] |     |                   |
|----------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|-----|-------------------|
|                |                 |                  |                | 1.5                                   | 2.5 | 4.0 <sup>2)</sup> |
| Product number | [VA]            | [W]              | [A]            | max. cable length L [m]               |     |                   |
| MVL661         | 22              | 12               | 1.64 A         | 65                                    | 110 | 160               |
| MVL661         | 22              | 12               | 1.64 A         | 20                                    | 35  | 50                |

S<sub>NA</sub> = Nominal apparent power for selecting the transformer

 $P_{med}$  = Typical power consumption

I<sub>F</sub> = Required slow fuse

= Max. cable length; with 4-wire connections, the max. permissible length of the separate 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> copper positioning signal wire is 200 m

2) With 4 mm<sup>2</sup> electrical wiring reduce wiring cross-section for connection inside valve to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup>.

#### Sizing

For straightforward valve sizing, refer to the tables for the relevant application (from page 12).

For accurate valve sizing, we recommend to make use of the valve sizing software "Refrigeration VASP", available from your local Siemens office.

#### Notes

The refrigeration capacity  $Q_0$  is calculated by multiplying the mass flow by the specific enthalpy differential found in the h, log p-chart for the relevant refrigerant. To help determine the refrigeration capacity more easily, a selection chart is provided for each application (page 11 and following). With direct or indirect hot-gas bypass applications, the enthalpy differential of  $Q_c$  (the condenser capacity) must also be taken into account when calculating the refrigeration capacity.

If the evaporating and / or condensing temperatures are between the values shown in the tables, the refrigeration capacity can be determined with reasonable accuracy by linear interpolation (refer to the application examples on page 11 and following). At the operating conditions given in the tables, the permissible differential pressure  $\Delta p_{max}$  across the valve is not considered.

If the evaporating temperature is raised by 1 K, the refrigeration capacity increases by about 3%. If, by contrast, subcooling is increased by 1 K, the refrigeration capacity increases by about 1 to 2% (this applies only to subcooling down to approximately  $8\ K$ ).

<sup>1)</sup> All information at AC 24 V

Depending on the application, additional installation instructions may need to be observed and appropriate safety devices (e.g. pressostats, full motor protection, etc.) fitted.

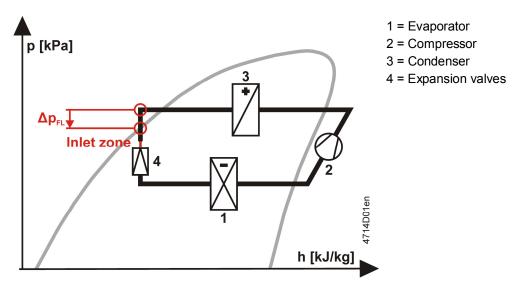
## Warning $\triangle$

To prevent damage to the seal inside the valve insert, the plant must be vented on the low-pressure side following a pressure test (valve port AB), or the valve must be fully open during the pressure test and during venting (power supply connected and positioning signal at maximum or forced opening by  $G \rightarrow ZC$ ).

#### **Expansion application**

To prevent formation of flash gas on expansion applications, the velocity of the refrigerant in the fluid pipe may not exceed 1 m/s. To assure this, the diameter of the fluid pipe must be greater than the nominal size of the valve, using reducing pieces for making the connections to the valve.

#### Engineering notes

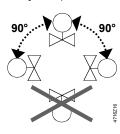


- a) The differential pressure over reduction must be less than half the differential pressure  $\Delta p_{\text{FL}}$ .
- b) The inlet path between diameter reduction and expansion valve inlet
  - Must straight for at least 600 mm
  - May not contain any valves

A filter / dryer must be mounted upstream of the expansion valve. The valve is not explosion-proof.

It is not approved for use with ammonia (NH3, R717).

The valve should be mounted and commissioned by qualified staff. The same applies to the replacement electronics and the configuration of the controller (e.g. SAPHIR or PolyCool).



- The refrigerant valves can be mounted in any orientation, but upright mounting is preferable.
- Arrange the pipework in such a way that the valve is not located at a low point in the plant where oil can collect.
- The pipes should be fitted in such a way that the alignment does not distort the valve connections. Fix the valve body so that that it cannot vibrate. Vibration can lead to burst connection pipes.
- Before soldering the pipes, ensure that the direction of flow through the valve is correct.
- The pipes must be soldered with care. To avoid dirt and the formation of scale (oxide), inert gas is recommended for soldering.
- The flame should be large enough to ensure that the junction heats up quickly and the valve does not get too hot.
- The flame should be directed away from the valve.
- During soldering, cool the valve with a wet cloth, for example, to ensure that it does not become too hot.
- Port B must be sealed off when a 2-port valve (AB → A) is used.
- The valve body and the connected pipework should be lagged.
- The actuator must not be lagged.

The valve is supplied complete with mounting instructions 74 319 0232 0.



The refrigerant valve is maintenance-free.

Repair

The valve can not be repaired. It has to be replaced as a complete unit.



Do not dispose of the actuator and its electrical and electronic components with domestic waste.

The law may require special handling of certain components or it may make sense from an ecological point of view.

Observe all applicable local laws.

#### Warranty

Observe all application-specific technical data.

If you ignore specified limits, Siemens Building Technologies / CPS Products will nor assume any responsibility.

#### **Technical data**

| Functional actuator data |   |  |  |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| Power supply             | Extra low-voltage only (SELV, PELV)               |  |  |
| • AC 24 V                | Operating voltage                                 | AC 24 V ± 20%                                    |  |
|                          | Frequency   | 4565 Hz  |  |
|                          | Typical power consumption P <sub>med</sub>        | 12 W   |  |
|                          | Standby   | < 1 W (valve closed)                             |  |
|                          | Rated apparent power S <sub>NA</sub>              | 22 VA (for selecting the transformer)            |  |
|                          | Required fuse                                     | 1.64 A (slow)                                    |  |
| • DC 24 V                | Operating voltage                                 | DC 2030 V  |  |
|                          | Current draw                                      | 0.5 A / 2 A (max.)                               |  |
| Signal inputs            | Control signal Y                                  | DC 0/210 V or DC 0/420 mA                        |  |
| -                        | Impedance DC 0/210 V                              | 100 kΩ / 5nF                                     |  |
|                          | Impedance DC 0 / 420 mA                           | 240 $\Omega$ / 5nF                               |  |
|                          | Forced control ZC                                 |  |  |
|                          | Input impedance                                   | 22 kΩ  |  |
|                          | Close valve (ZC connected to G0)                  | < AC 1 V; < DC 0.8 V                             |  |
|                          | Open valve (ZC connected to G)                    | > AC 6 V; > DC 5 V                               |  |
|                          | No function (ZC not wired)                        | Positioning signal Y active                      |  |
| Signal outputs           | Position feedback signal U Voltage                | DC 0/210 V; load resistance ≥ 500 Ω              |  |
|                          | Current   | DC 0/420 mA; load resistance $\leq$ 500 $\Omega$ |  |
|                          | Stroke detection                                  | Inductive  |  |
|                          | Nonlinearity                                      | Accuracy ± 3 % full scale                        |  |
| Positioning time         | Positioning time                                  | <1s  |  |
| Electrical connections   | Cable entry glands                                | 3 x Ø 17 mm (for M16)                            |  |
|                          | Min. wire cross-section                           | 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>                             |  |
|                          | Max. cable length                                 | See «Connection type», page 5                    |  |
| Product data valve       | Permissible operating pressure                    | max. 4.5 MPa (45 bar) 1)                         |  |
|                          | Max. differential pressure Δp <sub>max</sub>      | 2.5 MPa (25 bar)                                 |  |
|                          |   | MVL661.32-10: 1.6 MPa (16 bar)                   |  |
|                          |   | MVL661.32-12: 200 kPa (2 bar)                    |  |
|                          | Valve characteristic (stroke, k <sub>v</sub> )    | Linear (to VDI / VDE 2173)                       |  |
|                          | Leakage rate (internally across seat)             | Max. 0.002% k <sub>vs</sub> or                   |  |
|                          |   | Max. 1 NI/h gas at ∆p = 4 bar                    |  |
|                          |   | Shut/off function, like solenoid normally closed |  |
|                          |   | (NC) function                                    |  |
|                          | External seal                                     | Hermetically sealed (fully welded,               |  |
|                          |   | no static or dynamic seals)                      |  |
|                          | Permissible media                                 | Commonly used safety refrigerants (R22,          |  |
|                          |   | R134a, R227ea, R404A, R407C, R410A,              |  |
|                          |   | R422D, etc.) and R744 (CO <sub>2</sub> ).        |  |
|                          |   | Not suitable for ammonia (R717).                 |  |
|                          |   | For refrigerants belonging to Fluid group 1,     |  |
|                          |   | please contact your local Siemens                |  |
|                          |   | representative.                                  |  |
|                          | Medium temperature                                | -40120 °C; max. 140 °C for 10 min                |  |
|                          | Stroke resolution <sup>ΔH</sup> / <sub>H100</sub> | 1 : 1000 (H = stroke)                            |  |
|                          | Hysteresis  | Typically 3 %                                    |  |
|                          | Mode of operation                                 | Modulating                                       |  |
|                          | Position when deenergized                         | Control path A → AB closed                       |  |
|                          | Orientation                                       | Upright to horizontal 2)                         |  |
| Materials                | Valve body and parts                              | Steel / CrNi steel                               |  |
|                          | Seat / piston                                     | CrNi steel / brass                               |  |
|                          |   |  |  |

# Pipe connections Dimensions and weight

#### **Standards**

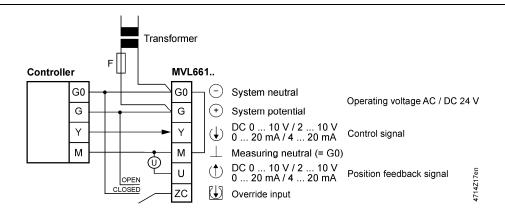
| Sealing disk         |              | PTFE   |  |  |
|----------------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| Sleeves              |              | Internally soldered, CrNi steel                |  |  |
| Dimensions           |              | See "Dimensions" page 11                       |  |  |
| Weight               |              | See "Dimensions" page 11                       |  |  |
| CE conformity        |              |  |  |  |
| To EMC requireme     | ents         | 2004/108/EC                                    |  |  |
|                      | Immunity     | EN 61000-6-2:[2005] Industrial <sup>3)</sup>   |  |  |
|                      | Emission     | EN 61000-6-3:[2007] Residential                |  |  |
| Electrical safety    |              | EN 60730-1                                     |  |  |
| Protection class     |              | Class III as per EN 60730                      |  |  |
| Degree of pollution  |              | Degree 2 as per EN 60730                       |  |  |
| Housing protection   |              |  |  |  |
| Upright to horizor   | ntal         | IP65 as per EN 60529 2)                        |  |  |
| Vibration 4)         |              | EN 60068-2-6                                   |  |  |
|                      |              | 5 g acceleration, 10150 Hz, 2.5 h              |  |  |
|                      |              | (5 g horizontal, max. 2 g upright)             |  |  |
| Conformant to        | UL standards | UL 873   |  |  |
| (                    | CSA, Canada  | C22.2 No. 24                                   |  |  |
|                      | C-tick       | N 474  |  |  |
| Environmental comp   | patibility   | ISO 14001 (environment)                        |  |  |
|                      |              | ISO 9001 (quality)                             |  |  |
|                      |              | SN 36350 (environmentally-compatible products) |  |  |
|                      |              | RL 2002/95/EG (RoHS)                           |  |  |
| Permissible operatin | g pressure   | PED 97/23/EC                                   |  |  |
| Pressure accessories |              | As per article 1, section 2.1.4                |  |  |
| Fluid group 2        |              | Without CE-marking as per article 3, section 3 |  |  |
|                      |              | (sound engineering practice)                   |  |  |

<sup>1)</sup> To EN 12284 tested with 1,43 x operating pressure at 65 bar

## General environmental conditions

|                     | Operation    | Transport    | Storage      |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                     | EN 60721-3-3 | EN 60721-3-2 | EN 60721-3-1 |
| Climatic conditions | Class 3K6    | Class 2K3    | Class 1K3    |
| Temperature         | −2555 °C     | −2570 °C     | −545 °C      |
| Humidity            | 10100% r. h. | < 95% r. h.  | 595% r. h.   |

#### **Connection terminals**

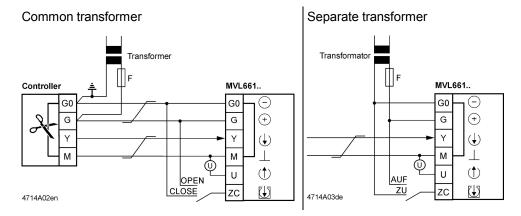


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> At 45 °C <  $T_{amb}$  < 55 °C and 80 °C <  $T_{med}$  < 120 °C the valve must be installed on its side to avoid shortening the service life of the valve electronics

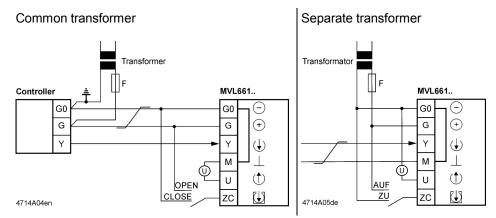
Transformer 160 VA (e.g. Siemens 4AM 3842-4TN00-0EA0)

<sup>4)</sup> In case of strong vibrations, use high-flex stranded wires for safety reasons.

Terminal assignment for controller with 4-wire connection (to be preferred!)



Terminal assignment for controller with 3-wire connection



Indication of valve position (only if required). DC 0...10 V  $\rightarrow$  0...100% volumetric flow V100 Twisted pairs. If the lines for AC 24 V power supply and the DC 0...10 V (DC 2...10 V, DC 0... 20 mA, DC 4... 20 mA) positioning signal are routed separately, the AC 24 V line need not be twisted.

#### Warning

#### Piping must be connected to potential earth!

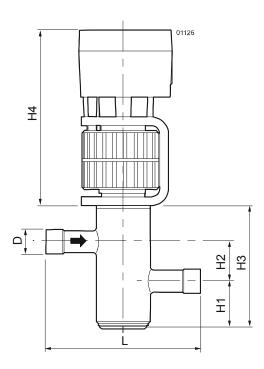
**DIL** switch

Factory setting: Valve characteristics equal-percentage, positioning signal DC 0...10 V. Details see "Configuration DIL switches", page 3.

Calibration

See "Calibration", page 4.

#### Dimensions in mm



| Type reference | DN | D<br>[inch] | L<br>[mm] | H1<br>[mm] | H2<br>[mm] | H3<br>[mm] | H4<br>[mm] | T<br>[mm] | M<br>[kg] |
|----------------|----|-------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| MVL661.15-0.4  | 15 | 5/8"        | 140       | 44         | 36         | 113        | 160        | 103       | 4.4       |
| MVL661.15-1.0  | 15 | 5/8"        | 140       | 44         | 36         | 113        | 160        | 103       | 4.4       |
| MVL661.20-2.5  | 20 | 7/8"        | 150       | 41         | 41         | 119        | 160        | 103       | 4.5       |
| MVL661.25-6.3  | 25 | 1 1/8"      | 160       | 40         | 47         | 126        | 160        | 103       | 4.6       |
| MVL661.32-10   | 32 | 1 3/8"      | 190       | 43         | 54         | 142        | 160        | 103       | 6.1       |
| MVL661.32-12   | 32 | 1 3/8"      | 190       | 43         | 54         | 142        | 160        | 103       | 6.1       |

DN Nominal size

D Pipe connections [inch], internal dimension

T Depth

M Weight including packaging [kg]

#### Valve sizing with correction factor

The applications and tables on the following pages are designed for help with selecting the valves. To select the correct valve, the following data is required:

#### Application

Expansion (starting on page 12)
Hot-gas (starting on page 15)
Suction throttle (starting on page 17)

Refrigerant type

Evaporating temperature t<sub>0</sub> [°C]

• Condensing temperature t<sub>c</sub> [°C]

• Refrigeration capacity Q<sub>0</sub> [kW]

To calculate the nominal capacity, use the following formula:

- The theoretical kv value for the nominal refrigeration capacity of the plant should not be less than 50% of the kvs value of the selected valve.
- For accurate valve sizing, we recommend the valve selection program "Refrigeration VASP".

The application examples on the following pages deal with the principles only. They do not include installation-specific details such as safety elements, refrigerant collectors, etc.

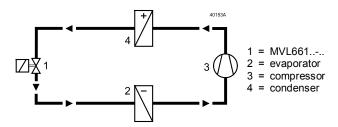
#### Use of the MVL661..-.. as an expansion valve

#### Note

Observe engineering notes page 6

- Typical control range 20...100%.
- Increased capacity through better use of the evaporator.
- The use of two or more compressors or compressor stages significantly increases efficiency with low loads.
- Especially suitable for fluctuating condensing and evaporating pressures.

#### **Capacity optimization**



Electronic superheat control is achieved by using additional control equipment (e.g. PolyCool).

#### **Application example**

Refrigerant R407C;  $Q_0$  = 205 kW;  $t_0$  = -5 °C;  $t_c$  = 35 °C The correct  $k_{vs}$  value for the MVL661.... valve needs to be determined.

The important section of table KE for R407C (see page 14) is the area around the working point. The correction factor KE relevant to the working point should be determined by linear interpolation from the four guide values.

#### Note on interpolation

In practice, the KE, KH or KS value can be estimated because the theoretical  $k_{vs}$ -value ascertained will be rounded off by up to 30% to one of the ten available  $k_{vs}$ -values, allowing you to proceed directly at Step 4.

- Step 1: For  $t_c$  = 35, calculate the value for  $t_o$  = -10 between values 20 and 40 in the table; result: **112**
- Step 2: For  $t_c$  = 35, calculate the value for  $t_o$  = 0 between values 20 and 40 in the table; result: **109**
- Step 3: For  $t_0 = -5$ , calculate the value for  $t_c = 35$  between correction factors 112 and 109; calculated in steps 1 and 2; result: **111**
- Step 4: Calculate the theoretical k<sub>vs</sub> value; result: **1.85 m³/h**
- Step 5: Select the valve; the valve closest to the theoretical  $k_{vs}$  value is the MVL661.20-2.5
- Step 6: Check that the theoretical  $k_{vs}$  value is not less than 50 % of the nominal  $k_{vs}$  value

| <b>KE</b> -R407C             | t <sub>0</sub> = -10 °C | t <sub>0</sub> = 0 °C |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| t <sub>c</sub> = 20 °C       | 108                     | 85                    |
| t <sub>c</sub> = 35 °C       | 112                     | 109                   |
| <i>t<sub>c</sub></i> = 40 °C | 113                     | 117                   |

| Interpolation at                           | t <sub>c</sub> = 35 °C |
|--|------------------------|
| 108 + [(113 – 108) x (35- 20) / (40 - 20)] | 112                    |
| 85 + [(117 - 85) x (35 - 20) / (40 - 20)]  | 109                    |

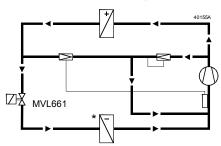
| Interpolation at                          | t <sub>0</sub> = -5 °C |
|---|------------------------|
| 112 +[(109 - 112) x (-5 - 0) / (-10 - 0)] | 111                    |

 $k_v$  theoretical = 205 kW / 111 = 1.85 m<sup>3</sup>/h

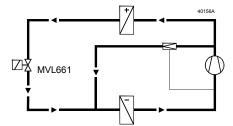
Valve MVL661.20-2.5 is suitable, since:  $1.85 \text{ m}^3/\text{h} / 2.5 \text{ m}^3/\text{h} \times 100\% = 74\% (> 50\%)$ 

#### **Capacity control**

- a) Refrigerant valve MVL661..-.. for capacity control of a dry expansion evaporator. Suction pressure and temperature are monitored with a mechanical capacity controller and reinjection valve.
- Typical control range 0...100%
- Energy-efficient operation with low loads
  - Ideal control of temperature and dehumidification



- b) Refrigerant valve MVL661..-.. for capacity control of a chiller.
- Typical control range 10...100%
- Energy-efficient operation with low loads
  - · Allows wide adjustment of condensing and evaporating temperatures
  - Ideal for use with plate heat exchangers
  - · Very high degree of frost protection



Note

A larger valve may be required for low load operation than is needed for full load conditions. To ensure that the selected valve will not be too small for low loads, sizing should take account of both possibilities.

## **Correction table KE**

Expansion valve

|                                 |     | R22 |     |     |     |     |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30 | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |  |  |
| 00                              | 82  | 68  | 37  |     |     |     |  |  |
| 20                              | 101 | 104 | 107 | 105 | 81  | 18  |  |  |
| 40                              | 108 | 111 | 114 | 118 | 120 | 123 |  |  |
| 60                              | 104 | 108 | 112 | 116 | 119 | 122 |  |  |

|                                 |     | R134a |     |     |    |    |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30   | -20 | -10 | 0  | 10 |  |  |  |
| 00                              | 27  |       |     |     |    |    |  |  |  |
| 20                              | 71  | 74    | 77  | 66  | 43 |    |  |  |  |
| 40                              | 74  | 78    | 81  | 85  | 89 | 92 |  |  |  |
| 60                              | 67  | 72    | 76  | 81  | 85 | 89 |  |  |  |

|                                 | R744 |     |     |     |     |    |  |
|---------------------------------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40  | -30 | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10 |  |
| -20                             | 226  | 149 |     |     |     |    |  |
| 00                              | 262  | 264 | 241 | 166 |     |    |  |
| 20                              | 245  | 247 | 247 | 246 | 213 |    |  |

|                                 |     | R290 <sup>1)</sup> |     |     |     |     |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-----|--------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30                | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |  |  |
| 00                              | 83  | 67                 | 22  |     |     |     |  |  |
| 20                              | 104 | 109                | 113 | 107 | 80  |     |  |  |
| 40                              | 105 | 110                | 115 | 120 | 125 | 130 |  |  |
| 60                              | 93  | 99                 | 105 | 111 | 116 | 122 |  |  |

|                                 |     | R401A |     |     |     |     |  |
|---------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30   | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |  |
| 00                              | 31  |       |     |     |     |     |  |
| 20                              | 80  | 83    | 85  | 72  | 46  |     |  |
| 40                              | 87  | 90    | 94  | 97  | 101 | 102 |  |
| 60                              | 85  | 89    | 94  | 98  | 102 | 106 |  |

|                                 |     | R402A |     |     |    |    |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30   | -20 | -10 | 0  | 10 |  |  |  |
| 00                              | 73  | 69    | 50  |     |    |    |  |  |  |
| 20                              | 77  | 81    | 85  | 88  | 74 | 35 |  |  |  |
| 40                              | 71  | 75    | 80  | 84  | 88 | 91 |  |  |  |
| 60                              | 50  | 55    | 60  | 65  | 69 | 74 |  |  |  |

|                                 |     | R404A |     |     |    |    |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30   | -20 | -10 | 0  | 10 |  |  |  |
| 00                              | 69  | 63    | 44  |     |    |    |  |  |  |
| 20                              | 70  | 74    | 78  | 81  | 68 | 30 |  |  |  |
| 40                              | 61  | 65    | 70  | 74  | 78 | 81 |  |  |  |
| 60                              | 36  | 41    | 46  | 51  | 55 | 59 |  |  |  |

|                                 | R407A |     |     |     |     |     |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40   | -30 | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |  |  |
| 00                              | 79    | 67  | 40  |     |     |     |  |  |
| 20                              | 91    | 95  | 98  | 102 | 82  | 30  |  |  |
| 40                              | 89    | 94  | 98  | 102 | 106 | 110 |  |  |
| 60                              | 72    | 77  | 82  | 87  | 92  | 96  |  |  |

|                                 |     | R407B |     |     |    |    |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30   | -20 | -10 | 0  | 10 |  |  |  |
| 00                              | 72  | 66    | 45  |     |    |    |  |  |  |
| 20                              | 77  | 80    | 84  | 88  | 75 | 34 |  |  |  |
| 40                              | 69  | 74    | 78  | 83  | 87 | 91 |  |  |  |
| 60                              | 46  | 51    | 56  | 61  | 66 | 70 |  |  |  |

|                                 |     | R407C |     |     |     |     |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> \ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30   | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |  |  |  |
| 00                              | 79  | 65    | 31  |     |     |     |  |  |  |
| 20                              | 98  | 101   | 105 | 108 | 85  | 21  |  |  |  |
| 40                              | 100 | 104   | 109 | 113 | 117 | 121 |  |  |  |
| 60                              | 87  | 93    | 98  | 103 | 108 | 113 |  |  |  |

|                                 |     | ·     |     |     |     |     |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|--|
|                                 |     | R410A |     |     |     |     |  |  |  |
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30   | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |  |  |  |
| 00                              | 116 | 117   | 91  | 12  |     |     |  |  |  |
| 20                              | 125 | 130   | 133 | 137 | 120 | 69  |  |  |  |
| 40                              | 119 | 124   | 129 | 133 | 137 | 140 |  |  |  |
| 60                              | 90  | 96    | 101 | 106 | 110 | 114 |  |  |  |

|                                 |     | R410B |     |     |     |     |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30   | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |  |  |
| 00                              | 112 | 112   | 87  | 11  |     |     |  |  |
| 20                              | 122 | 126   | 129 | 132 | 115 | 66  |  |  |
| 40                              | 119 | 124   | 128 | 131 | 134 | 137 |  |  |
| 60                              | 98  | 103   | 108 | 112 | 115 | 118 |  |  |

|                                 |     | R507 |     |     |    |    |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-----|------|-----|-----|----|----|--|--|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30  | -20 | -10 | 0  | 10 |  |  |  |
| 00                              | 72  | 66   | 47  |     |    |    |  |  |  |
| 20                              | 78  | 81   | 83  | 86  | 71 | 33 |  |  |  |
| 40                              | 74  | 78   | 81  | 84  | 87 | 90 |  |  |  |
| 60                              | 53  | 57   | 61  | 64  | 68 | 71 |  |  |  |

|                                 |     | R1270 <sup>1)</sup> |     |     |     |     |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-----|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30                 | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |  |  |
| 00                              | 109 | 93                  | 59  |     |     |     |  |  |
| 20                              | 122 | 126                 | 130 | 129 | 101 | 31  |  |  |
| 40                              | 122 | 127                 | 133 | 138 | 142 | 147 |  |  |
| 60                              | 108 | 115                 | 121 | 127 | 132 | 138 |  |  |

<sup>•</sup> With superheat = 6 K

With subcooling = 2 K

 $<sup>\</sup>Delta p$  upstream of evaporator = 1.6 bar

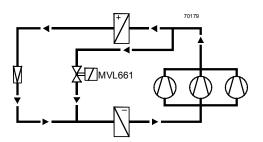
<sup>•</sup>  $\Delta p$  condenser = 0.3 bar

 $<sup>\</sup>Delta p$  evaporator = 0.3 bar

 $<sup>^{1)}\,</sup>$  For refrigerants belonging to Fluid group 1, please contact your local Siemens representative.

The control valve throttles the capacity of a compressor stage. The hot gas passes directly to the evaporator, thus permitting capacity control in the range from 100% down to approximately 0%.

# Indirect hot-gas bypass application



Suitable for use in large refrigeration systems in air conditioning plant, to prevent unacceptable temperature fluctuations between the compressor stages.

#### **Application example**

With low loads, the evaporating and condensing pressures can fluctuate depending on the type of pressure control. In such cases, evaporating pressure increases and condensing pressure decreases. Due to the reduction in differential pressure across the fully open valve, the volumetric flow rate will drop – the valve is undersized. This is why the effective pressures must be taken into account when sizing the valve for low loads.

Refrigerant R507; 3 compressor stages;  $Q_0$  = 75 kW;  $t_0$  = 4 °C;  $t_c$  = 40 °C Part load  $Q_0$  per stage = 28 kW;  $t_0$  = 4 °C;  $t_c$  = 23 °C

| <b>KH</b> -R507              | t <sub>0</sub> = 0 °C | t <sub>0</sub> = 10 °C |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| t <sub>c</sub> = 2 °C        | 14.4                  | 9.0                    |
| t <sub>c</sub> = 23 °C       | 15.6                  | 11.0                   |
| <i>t<sub>c</sub></i> = 40 °C | 22.4                  | 22.0                   |

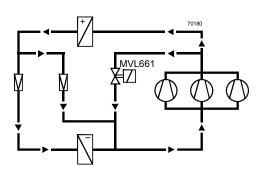
| Interpolation at                               | t <sub>c</sub> = 23 °C |
|--|------------------------|
| 14.4 + [(22.4 – 14.4) x (23 - 20) / (40 - 20)] | 15.6                   |
|  |                        |
| 9.0 + [(22.0 – 9.0) x (23 - 20) / (40 - 20)]   | 11.0                   |

| Interpolation at                            | t <sub>0</sub> = 4 °C |
|---|-----------------------|
| 15.6 + [(11.0 – 15.6) x (4 - 0) / (10 - 0)] | 13.8                  |

 $k_{vs}$  theoretical = 28 kW / 13.8 = 2.03 m<sup>3</sup>/h Valve MVL661.20-2.5 is suitable, since: 2.03 m<sup>3</sup>/h / 2.5 m<sup>3</sup>/h x 100% = 81% (> 50%)

# Direct hot-gas bypass application

The control valve throttles the capacity of one compressor stage. The gas is fed to the suction side of the compressor and then cooled using a reinjection valve. Capacity control ranges from 100% down to approximately 10%.



Suitable for large refrigeration systems in air conditioning applications with several compressors or compressor stages, and where the evaporator and compressor are some distance apart (attention must be paid to the oil return).

## **Correction table KH**

Hot-gas valve

|                                 |      | R22  |              |      |      |      |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|------|------|--------------|------|------|------|--|--|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40  | -30  | -20          | -10  | 0    | 10   |  |  |  |
| 00                              | 8.9  | 8.4  | 6.3          |      |      |      |  |  |  |
| 20                              | 15.3 | 15.1 | 14.8<br>23.2 | 14.6 | 13.2 | 6.5  |  |  |  |
| 40                              | 24.2 | 23.7 | 23.2         | 22.8 | 22.4 | 22.1 |  |  |  |
| 60                              | 35.7 | 34.7 | 33.8         | 33.0 | 32.3 | 31.7 |  |  |  |

| l |         |      |      | R7   | '44  |      |    |
|---|---------|------|------|------|------|------|----|
| l | t₀ \ t₀ | -40  | -30  | -20  | -10  | 0    | 10 |
| I | -20     | 38.1 | 30.5 |      |      |      |    |
| l | 00      | 60.9 | 59.8 | 58.1 | 47.1 |      |    |
| ١ | 20      | 973  | 940  | 92.5 | 8U 3 | 76 1 |    |

|                                 |      | R401A |      |      |      |      |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|--|--|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40  | -30   | -20  | -10  | 0    | 10   |  |  |  |
| 00                              | 4.7  |       |      |      |      |      |  |  |  |
| 20                              | 10.2 | 10.0  | 9.9  | 9.5  | 7.6  |      |  |  |  |
| 40                              | 16.9 | 16.6  | 16.2 | 16.0 | 15.8 | 15.6 |  |  |  |
| 60                              | 25.9 | 25.2  | 24.6 | 24.1 | 23.7 | 23.3 |  |  |  |

|                                 |      | R404A |      |      |      |      |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|--|--|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40  | -30   | -20  | -10  | 0    | 10   |  |  |  |
| 00                              | 9.4  | 9.2   | 7.8  |      |      |      |  |  |  |
| 20                              | 15.2 | 15.0  | 14.8 | 14.6 | 13.9 | 8.6  |  |  |  |
| 40                              | 22.3 | 21.8  | 21.5 | 21.1 | 20.9 | 20.6 |  |  |  |
| 60                              | 28.8 | 28.0  | 27.4 | 26.8 | 26.4 | 25.9 |  |  |  |

|                                 | R407B |      |      |      |      |      |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40   | -30  | -20  | -10  | 0    | 10   |  |  |
| 00                              |       | 8.8  |      |      |      |      |  |  |
| 20                              | 15.3  | 15.1 | 14.8 | 14.7 | 14.0 | 8.8  |  |  |
| 40                              | 23.3  | 22.8 | 22.4 | 22.0 | 21.7 | 21.5 |  |  |
| 60                              | 31.6  | 30.7 | 30.0 | 29.3 | 28.8 | 28.3 |  |  |

|                                 |      | R410A |      |      |      |      |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|--|--|--|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40  | -30   | -20  | -10  | 0    | 10   |  |  |  |  |
| 00                              |      |       | 13.2 |      |      |      |  |  |  |  |
| 20                              |      |       |      |      |      | 15.9 |  |  |  |  |
| 40                              |      |       |      |      |      | 33.1 |  |  |  |  |
| 60                              | 50.0 | 48.5  | 47.2 | 46.0 | 44.9 | 43.8 |  |  |  |  |

|                                 |      | R507 |      |      |      |      |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40  | -30  | -20  | -10  | 0    | 10   |  |  |  |
| 00                              | 9.8  | 9.5  | 8.1  |      |      |      |  |  |  |
| 20                              |      | 15.8 |      |      |      |      |  |  |  |
| 40                              | 24.5 | 23.8 | 23.3 | 22.8 | 22.4 | 22.0 |  |  |  |
| 60                              | 33.1 | 31.8 | 30.7 | 29.8 | 29.0 | 28.3 |  |  |  |

• With superheat = 6 K

With subcooling = 2 K

 $\Delta p$  upstream of evaporator = 1.6 bar

•  $\Delta p$  condenser = 0.3 bar  $\Delta p$  evaporator = 0.3 bar

|                                 | R22  |      |      |      |      |      |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40  | -30  | -20  | -10  | 0    | 10   |
| 00                              | 8.9  | 8.4  | 6.3  |      |      |      |
| 20                              |      |      |      |      |      | 6.5  |
| 40                              | 24.2 | 23.7 | 23.2 | 22.8 | 22.4 | 22.1 |
| 60                              | 35.7 | 34.7 | 33.8 | 33.0 | 32.3 | 31.7 |

|                                 | R744 |      |      |      |      |    |  |  |
|---------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|----|--|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40  | -30  | -20  | -10  | 0    | 10 |  |  |
| -20                             | 38.1 | 30.5 |      |      |      |    |  |  |
| 00                              | 60.9 | 59.8 | 58.1 | 47.1 |      |    |  |  |
| 20                              | 97.3 | 94 O | 92.5 | 8U 3 | 76 1 |    |  |  |

|                                 |      | R290 <sup>1)</sup> |      |      |      |      |  |
|---------------------------------|------|--------------------|------|------|------|------|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40  | -30                | -20  | -10  | 0    | 10   |  |
| 00                              | 10.9 | 10.0               | 6.5  |      |      |      |  |
| 20                              | 18.0 | 17.7               | 17.4 | 17.1 | 15.0 |      |  |
| 40                              | 27.3 | 26.7               | 26.2 | 25.8 | 25.4 | 25.1 |  |
| 60                              | 38.2 | 37.2               | 36.4 | 35.7 | 35.1 | 34.5 |  |

R134a

-10

9.2

15.1

22.3

7.4

14.9

21.9

-20

9.5

15.3

22.7

t<sub>c</sub> \ t<sub>o</sub>

00

20

40

60

-40

4.5

9.8

15.9

23.8

-30

9.6

15.6

23.2

10

14.7

21.6

|                                 | R402A |      |      |      |      |      |
|---------------------------------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40   | -30  | -20  | -10  | 0    | 10   |
| 00                              | 9.7   | 9.5  | 8.3  |      |      |      |
| 20                              | 15.9  | 15.7 | 15.4 | 15.2 | 14.5 | 9.3  |
| 40                              | 23.7  | 23.2 | 22.7 | 22.4 | 22.0 | 21.7 |
| 60                              | 31.5  | 30.7 | 29.9 | 29.2 | 28.7 | 28.1 |

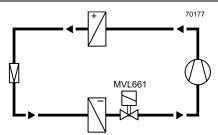
|                                 |      | R407A |      |      |      |      |  |
|---------------------------------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40  | -30   | -20  | -10  | 0    | 10   |  |
| 00                              | 8.9  | 8.6   |      |      |      |      |  |
| 20                              | 15.7 | 15.4  | 15.2 | 15.0 | 14.1 | 8.0  |  |
| 40                              | 24.9 | 24.4  | 23.9 | 23.5 | 23.1 | 22.8 |  |
| 60                              |      |       | 34.0 |      |      |      |  |

| R407C |                     |                                   |   |   |                   |
|-------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|-------------------|
| -40   | -30                 | -20                               | -10   | 0   | 10                |
| 8.6   | 8.1                 | 5.9                               |   |   |                   |
| 15.3  | 15.0                | 14.8                              | 14.6  | 13.6  | 7.0               |
| 24.7  | 24.2                | 23.7                              | 23.3  | 22.9  | 22.6              |
| 36.3  | 35.3                | 34.4                              | 33.6  | 33.0  | 32.4              |
|       | 8.6<br>15.3<br>24.7 | 8.6 8.1<br>15.3 15.0<br>24.7 24.2 | -40         -30         -20           8.6         8.1         5.9           15.3         15.0         14.8           24.7         24.2         23.7 | -40         -30         -20         -10           8.6         8.1         5.9           15.3         15.0         14.8         14.6           24.7         24.2         23.7         23.3 | -40 -30 -20 -10 0 |

|                                 | R410B |      |      |      |      |      |
|---------------------------------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40   | -30  | -20  | -10  | 0    | 10   |
| 00                              | 14.3  | 14.1 | 12.9 | 6.1  |      |      |
| 20                              | 23.8  | 23.3 | 22.9 | 22.5 | 21.6 | 15.5 |
| 40                              | 36.5  | 35.6 | 34.7 | 33.9 | 33.2 | 32.5 |
| 60                              | 50.7  | 49.1 | 47.7 | 46.4 | 45.2 | 44.0 |

|                                 | R1270 <sup>1)</sup> |      |      |      |      |      |  |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| t <sub>c</sub> ∖ t <sub>o</sub> | -40                 | -30  | -20  | -10  | 0    | 10   |  |
| 00                              | 13.5                | 13.0 | 10.3 |      |      |      |  |
| 20                              | 22.0                | 21.6 | 21.2 | 20.9 | 19.0 | 9.9  |  |
| 40                              | 33.0                | 32.2 | 31.6 | 31.1 | 30.6 | 30.1 |  |
| 60                              | 46.1                | 44.8 | 43.8 | 42.8 | 41.9 | 41.2 |  |

<sup>1)</sup> For refrigerants belonging to Fluid group 1, please contact your local Siemens representative.



Typical control range 50...100%.

Minimum stroke limit control:

To ensure optimum cooling of the compressor, either a capacity controller must be provided for the compressor, or a minimum stroke must be set via the valve electronics.

The minimum stroke can be limited to a maximum of 80%. At zero load, the minimum stroke must be sufficient to ensure that the minimum gas velocity in the suction line is > 0.7 m/s and that the compressor is adequately cooled.

As the control valve closes, the evaporating temperature rises and the air cooling effect decreases continuously. The electronic control system provides demand-based cooling without unwanted dehumidification and costly retreatment of the air.

The pressure at the compressor inlet falls and the power consumption of the compressor is reduced. The energy savings to be anticipated with low loads can be determined from the compressor selection chart (power consumption at minimum permissible suction pressure). Compressor energy savings of up to 40% can be achieved.

The recommended differential pressure  $\Delta p_{v100}$  across the fully open control valve is between 0.15 <  $\Delta p_{v100}$  < 0.5 bar.

#### Application example

Refrigerant R134A;  $Q_0$  = 9.5 kW;  $t_0$  = 4 °C;  $t_c$  = 40 °C; Differential pressure across MVL661:  $\Delta p_{v100}$  = 0.25 bar

In this application example,  $t_{\text{o}},\,t_{\text{c}}$  and  $\Delta p_{\text{v100}}$  are to be interpolated.

| <b>KS</b> -R134a | t <sub>0</sub> = 0 °C | t <sub>0</sub> = 10 °C |
|------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 0.15 / 20        | 2.2                   | 2.7                    |
| 0.15 / 50        | 1.7                   | 2.1                    |
| 0.45 / 20        | 3.6                   | 4.5                    |
| 0.45 / 50        | 2.7                   | 3.4                    |

| 2.7 + [(3.4 - 2.7) x (4 - 0) / (10 - 0)]    | 3.0           |
|---|---------------|
|   |               |
| Interpolation at                            | $t_c$ = 40 °C |
| 2.4 + [(1.9 – 2.4) x (40 - 20) / (50 - 20)] | 2.1           |

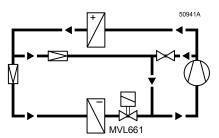
| t <sub>0</sub> = 4 °C   | t <sub>c</sub> = 20 °C | t <sub>c</sub> = 50 °C |
|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| $\Delta p_{v100} 0.15$  | 2.4                    | 1.9                    |
| Δp <sub>v100</sub> 0.45 | 4.0                    | 3.0                    |

| Interpolation at                             | $\Delta p_{v100} 0.25$ |
|--|------------------------|
| 2.1 + [(3.3 – 2.1) x (0.25 – 0.15) / (0.45 – | 2.5                    |
| 0.15)]                                       |                        |

| t <sub>c</sub> = 40 °C | Δp <sub>v100</sub> 0.15 | Δp <sub>v100</sub> 0.45 |
|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|                        | 2.1                     | 3.3                     |
|                        |                         |                         |

 $k_{vs}$  theoretical = 9.5 kW / 2.5 = 3.8 m<sup>3</sup>/h

Valve MVL661.25-6.3 is suitable, since 3.8 m $^3$ /h / 6.3 m $^3$ /h x 10 % = 60% (> 50%) It is recommended that the  $k_{vs}$  value be set to 63% = 4 m $^3$ /h



Typical control range 10...100%.

2.2 + [(2.7 - 2.2) x (4 - 0) / (10 - 0)]

 $1.7 + [(2.1 - 1.7) \times (4 - 0) / (10 - 0)]$ 

 $3.6 + [(4.5 - 3.6) \times (4 - 0) / (10 - 0)]$ 

4.0 + [(3.0 - 4.0) x (40 - 20) / (50 - 20)]

The capacity controller ensures that the compressor is adequately cooled, making it unnecessary to set a minimum stroke in the refrigerant valve.

t₀ = 4 °C

2.4

1.9

4.0

3.3

### Correction table KS

Suction throttle valve

| tc                                  | R22 |     |     |     |     |     |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|--|
| ∆p <sub>v100</sub> \ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30 | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |  |  |  |
| 0.15 / 20                           | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 3.4 |  |  |  |
| 0.15 / 50                           | 0.9 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.7 |  |  |  |
| 0.45 / 20                           | 1.5 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 4.8 | 5.7 |  |  |  |
| 0.45 / 50                           | 1.2 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 4.6 |  |  |  |

| tc                                  |     | R134a |     |     |     |     |  |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| ∆p <sub>v100</sub> \ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30   | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |  |
| 0.15 / 20                           | 0.7 | 1.0   | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.7 |  |
| 0.15 / 50                           | 0.5 | 0.7   | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 2.1 |  |
| 0.45 / 20                           | 0.7 | 1.2   | 1.9 | 2.7 | 3.6 | 4.5 |  |
| 0.45 / 50                           | 0.5 | 0.9   | 1.4 | 2.0 | 2.7 | 3.4 |  |

| tc                                  |     | R152A <sup>1)</sup> |     |     |     |     |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|-----|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| ∆p <sub>v100</sub> \ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30                 | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |  |  |
| 0.15 / 20                           | 0.9 | 1.3                 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 3.3 |  |  |
| 0.15 / 50                           | 0.7 | 1.0                 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.7 |  |  |
| 0.45 / 20                           | 1.0 | 1.5                 | 2.4 | 3.3 | 4.3 | 5.3 |  |  |
| 0.45 / 50                           | 0.7 | 1.2                 | 1.9 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 4.4 |  |  |

| tc                                  |     | R290 <sup>1)</sup> |     |     |     |     |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|-----|--------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| ∆p <sub>v100</sub> \ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30                | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |  |  |
| 0.15 / 20                           | 1.5 | 1.9                | 2.4 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 4.3 |  |  |
| 0.15 / 50                           | 1.0 | 1.4                | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 3.3 |  |  |
| 0.45 / 20                           | 2.0 | 2.8                | 3.8 | 4.8 | 6.0 | 7.2 |  |  |
| 0.45 / 50                           | 1.4 | 2.1                | 2.8 | 3.6 | 4.5 | 5.5 |  |  |

| t <sub>c</sub>                      |     | R401A |     |     |     |     |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| ∆p <sub>v100</sub> \ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30   | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |  |  |
| 0.15 / 20                           | 0.8 | 1.1   | 1.5 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.9 |  |  |
| 0.15 / 50                           | 0.6 | 8.0   | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 2.3 |  |  |
| 0.45 / 20                           | 0.8 | 1.3   | 2.1 | 2.9 | 3.7 | 4.7 |  |  |
| 0.45 / 50                           | 0.6 | 1.0   | 1.6 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 3.7 |  |  |

| t <sub>c</sub>                      |     | R402A |     |     |     |     |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| ∆p <sub>v100</sub> \ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30   | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |  |  |
| 0.15 / 20                           | 1.1 | 1.4   | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 3.3 |  |  |
| 0.15 / 50                           | 0.7 | 0.9   | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 2.3 |  |  |
| 0.45 / 20                           | 1.5 | 2.2   | 2.9 | 3.7 | 4.6 | 5.6 |  |  |
| 0.45 / 50                           | 0.9 | 1.4   | 1.9 | 2.4 | 3.1 | 3.8 |  |  |

| tc                                  |     | R404A |     |     |     |     |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| ∆p <sub>v100</sub> \ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30   | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |  |  |
| 0.15 / 20                           | 1.0 | 1.3   | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 3.3 |  |  |
| 0.15 / 50                           | 0.6 | 0.8   |     | 1.4 | 1.7 | 2.1 |  |  |
| 0.45 / 20                           | 1.4 | 2.1   | 2.8 | 3.6 | 4.5 | 5.5 |  |  |
| 0.45 / 50                           | 0.8 | 1.2   | 1.7 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 3.6 |  |  |

| tc                                  |     | R407A |     |     |     |     |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|--|
| ∆p <sub>v100</sub> \ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30   | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |  |  |  |
| 0.15 / 20                           | 1.0 | 1.4   | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 3.5 |  |  |  |
| 0.15 / 50                           | 0.7 | 1.0   | 1.3 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 2.6 |  |  |  |
| 0.45 / 20                           | 1.3 | 2.0   | 2.9 | 3.8 | 4.7 | 5.9 |  |  |  |
| 0.45 / 50                           | 0.9 | 1.4   | 2.0 | 2.7 | 3.4 | 4.3 |  |  |  |

| tc                                  |     | R407B |     |     |     |     |  |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| ∆p <sub>v100</sub> \ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30   | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |  |
| 0.15 / 20                           | 1.0 | 1.3   | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 3.3 |  |
| 0.15 / 50                           | 0.6 | 8.0   | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.2 |  |
| 0.45 / 20                           | 1.3 | 2.0   | 2.7 | 3.5 | 4.5 | 5.5 |  |
| 0.45 / 50                           | 0.8 | 1.2   | 1.7 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 3.8 |  |

| tc                                  |     | R407C |     |     |     |     |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| ∆p <sub>v100</sub> \ t <sub>o</sub> | -40 | -30   | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |  |  |
| 0.15 / 20                           | 1.0 | 1.4   | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 3.5 |  |  |
| 0.15 / 50                           | 0.7 | 1.0   | 1.3 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.6 |  |  |
| 0.45 / 20                           | 1.3 | 2.0   | 2.8 | 3.8 | 4.8 | 5.9 |  |  |
| 0.45 / 50                           | 0.9 | 1.4   | 2.1 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 4.4 |  |  |

| t <sub>c</sub>                      | R410A |     |     |     |     |     |  |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| ∆p <sub>v100</sub> \ t <sub>o</sub> | -40   | -30 | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |  |
| 0.15 / 20                           | 1.5   | 2.0 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 4.4 |  |
| 0.15 / 50                           | 1.0   | 1.3 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 3.1 |  |
| 0.45 / 20                           | 2.3   | 3.1 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 6.1 | 7.4 |  |
| 0.45 / 50                           | 1.6   | 2.1 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 4.4 | 5.3 |  |

| t <sub>c</sub>                      | R410B |     |     |     |     |     |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| ∆p <sub>v100</sub> \ t <sub>o</sub> | -40   | -30 | -20 | -10 | 0   | 10  |
| 0.15 / 20                           | 1.5   | 1.9 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 4.2 |
| 0.15 / 50                           | 1.0   | 1.3 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 3.1 |
| 0.45 / 20                           | 2.3   | 3.1 | 3.9 | 4.9 | 6.0 | 7.2 |
| 0.45 / 50                           | 1.6   | 2.1 | 2.8 | 3.5 | 4.3 | 5.2 |

With subcooling = 2 K

∆p evaporator = 0.3 bar

#### **Revision numbers**

| Product number | Valid from rev. no. |  |  |
|----------------|---------------------|--|--|
| MVL661.15-0.4  | С                   |  |  |
| MVL661.15-1.0  | С                   |  |  |
| MVL661.20-2.5  | D                   |  |  |
| MVL661.25-6.3  | С                   |  |  |
| MVL661.32-10   | A                   |  |  |
| MVL661.32-12   | С                   |  |  |

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Subject to changes

<sup>•</sup> With superheat = 6 K

 $<sup>\</sup>Delta p$  upstream of evaporator = 1.6 bar

<sup>•</sup> Δp condenser = 0.3 bar

<sup>1)</sup> For refrigerants belonging to Fluid group 1, please contact your local Siemens representative.