TRIDONIC









Driver LCA 15W 180-350mA flexC PH-C SR ADV

ADVANCED series

Product description

- Dimmable constant current LED Driver (SELV)
- Independent LED Driver with cable clamps
- Selectable output current between 180, 250 and 350 mA
- Max. output power 15 W
- Up to 81 % efficiency
- Dimmable via leading edge and trailing edge phase dimmers
- Dimming range 5 to 100 % (depending on dimmer)
- Nominal life-time up to 50,000 h
- For luminaires of protection class I and protection class II
- For luminaires with M and MM as per EN 60598, VDE 0710 and VDE 0711
- Temperature protection as per EN 61347-2-13 C5e
- 5-year guarantee

Housing properties

- Casing: polycarbonate, white
- Type of protection IP20

Interfaces

• Terminal blocks: 0° screw terminals

Functions

- Overload protection
- Short-circuit protection
- No-load protection
- Overtemperature protection
- Burst protection voltage 1 kV
- Surge protection voltage 1 kV (L to N)
- Surge protection voltage 2 kV (L/N to earth)



$\textbf{Standards}, \, page \, 3$

Wiring diagrams and installation examples, page $\ensuremath{\mathtt{3}}$





LED Driver

$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{IP20 SELV} \ \square \ \textcircled{\tiny{?}} \ \ \textcircled{\tiny{?}} \ \ \textcircled{\tiny{?}} \ \textcircled{\tiny{$|}} \ \textcircled{\tiny{$

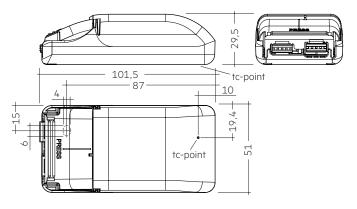
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Technical data

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Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
Max. input current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	0.08 A
Leakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 500 μΑ
Mains frequency	50 Hz
Overvoltage protection	320 V AC, 1 h
Max. input power	19 W
Typ. power consumption (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) ¹⁾	17.8 W
Min. output power	5 W
Max. output power	15 W
Typ. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load) $^{\scriptsize \textcircled{\tiny 1}}$	81 %
λ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) [®]	0.95
Output current tolerance ©	± 7.5 %
Max. output current peak®	500 mA
Max. output voltage	60 V
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 10 %
Output LF current ripple (< 120 Hz)	± 30 %
Time to light (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Hold on time at power failure (output)	0 s
Ambient temperature ta (at life-time 50,000 h)	40 °C
Storage temperature ts	-40 +80 °C
Dimensions L x W x H	101.5 x 51 x 29.5 mm



Ordering data

Tune	Article	Packaging,	Packaging,	Packaging,	Weight per
Туре	number	carton	low volume	high volume	pc.
LCA 15W 180-350mA flexC PH-C SR ADV	87500627	20 pc(s).	280 pc(s).	3,360 pc(s).	0.085 kg

Specific technical data

Туре	Output current®	Min. forward	Max. forward	Max. output	Typ. power consumption (at 230 V, 50 Hz,	Typ. current consumption (at 230 V, 50 Hz,	Max. casing Ambient temperature ta		I-out select
		voltage	voltage	power	full load)	full load)	tc	max.	
	180 mA	28 V	42 V	7.6 W	9.5 W	45 mA	90 °C	-20 +50 °C	+LED / -180mA
LCA 15W 180-350mA flexC PH-C SR ADV	250 mA	28 V	42 V	10.5 W	13.0 W	60 mA	90 °C	-20 +50 °C	+LED / -250mA
	350 mA	28 V	42 V	15.0 W	17.8 W	80 mA	90 °C	-20 +50 °C	+LED / -350mA

^① Test result at 350 mA.

^② Output current is mean value.

[®] Test result at 25 °C.

1. Standards

EN 55015

EN 60598-1

EN 61000-3-2

EN 61000-3-3

EN 61347-1

EN 61347-2-13

EN 61547

EN 62384

1.1 Glow wire test

according to EN 61347-1 with increased temperature of 850 °C passed.

2. Thermal details and life-time

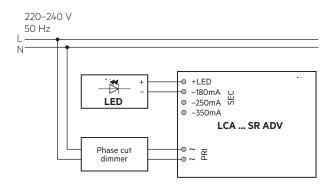
2.1 Expected life-time

Expected life-time				
Туре	Current	ta	40 ℃	50°C
	180 mA	tc	80°C	90℃
LCA 15W 180-350mA flexC PH-C SR ADV	100 1117 (Life-time	50,000 h	30,000 h
	250 mA	tc	80°C	90℃
	250 1117	Life-time	50,000 h	30,000 h
	350 mA	tc	80°C	90℃
	550 IIIA	Life-time	50,000 h	30,000 h

The LED Driver is designed for a life-time stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

3. Installation / wiring

3.1 Circuit diagram



3.2 Wiring type and cross section

The wiring can be in stranded wires with ferrules or solid. For perfect function of the cage clamp terminals the strip length should be 4 – 5 mm for the input terminal.

The max. torque at the clamping screw (M3) is 0.2 Nm.

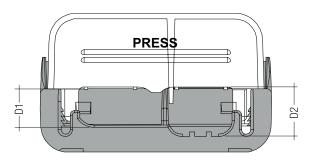
Input terminal (D2)



Output terminal (D1)



To get a proper working strain relief it is recommended that the cable jacket diameter of the side D2 is 2 mm bigger than the diameter of the side D1. (This can vary if the used cable jacket material varies from side D2 to D1 in pinching property).

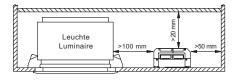


Depending on the used flaps of the terminal following cable jacket diameter difference between the side D2 and D1 terminals is recommended:

	Side	e D1		Si	de D2	
Housing bottom			Cover t		Difference D2 - D1	
With flap	Without flap	With flap	Without flap	With flap	Without flap	-
×	-	X	-	X	-	3.5 mm
X	-	X	-	-	X	5.5 mm
X	-	-	X	-	X	3.5 mm
-	Х	X	-	-	X	3.5 mm
-	Х	-	X	-	X	1.5 mm
×	-	-	×	X	-	1.5 mm
_	Х	×	-	X	-	1.5 mm
_	×	-	X	Х	_	-0.5 mm

3.4 Fixing conditions

Dry, acidfree, oilfree, fatfree. It is not allowed to exceed the maximum ambient temperature (ta) stated on the device. Minimum distances stated below are recommendations and depend on the actual luminaire. Is not suitable for fixing in corner.



The LED module and all contact points within the wiring must be sufficiently insulated against 3 kV surge voltage.

3.5 Wiring guidelines

- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour.
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED Driver and other leads (ideally 5 – 10 cm distance)
- Max. length of output wires is 2 m.
- Incorrect wiring can damage LED modules.
- The wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).
- The current selection has to be installed in the accordance to the requirement of low voltage installation.

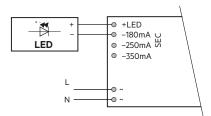
3.6 Replace LED module

- 1. Mains off
- 2. Remove LED module
- 3. Wait for 20 seconds
- 4. Connect LED module again

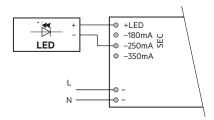
Hot plug-in or output switching of LEDs is not permitted and may cause a very high current to the LEDs.

3.7 Current select

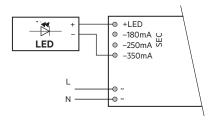
For 180 mA current use this terminals:



For 250 mA current use this terminals:



For 350 mA current use this terminals:



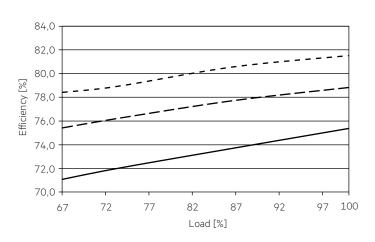
3.8 Mounting of device

Max. torque for fixing: 0.5 Nm/M4

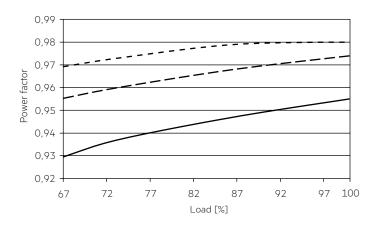
4. Electrical values

Test at 230 V 50 Hz.

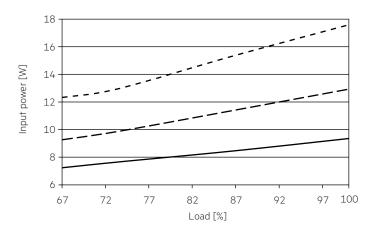
4.1 Efficiency vs load



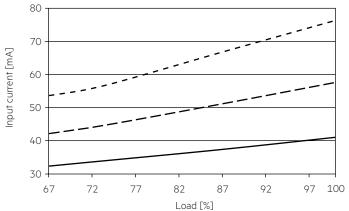
4.2 Power factor vs load



4.3 Input power vs load

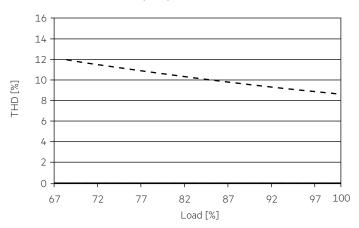


4.4 Input current vs load



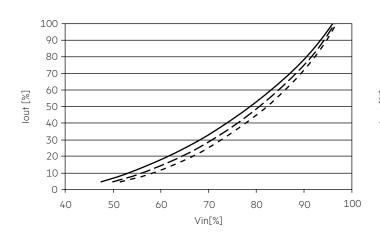
4.5 THD vs load

THD without harmonic < 5 mA (0.6 %):

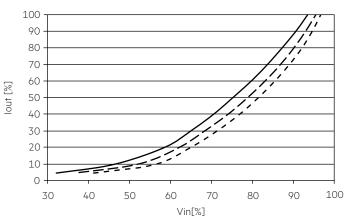


4.6 lout vs Vin

At full load:



At min. load:



Remark: Dimming curve based on DIMMER ELKO 315GLE!

180 mA ---- 250 mA ---- 350 mA

4.7 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush	current
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	$2.5\mathrm{mm}^2$	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	Imax	Time
LCA 15W 180-350mA flexC PH-C SR ADV	75	98	120	150	75	98	120	150	6 A	80 µs

4.8 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load) in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LCA 15W 180-350mA flexC PH-C SR ADV	< 10	< 7	< 5	< 4	< 3	< 3

Acc. to 6100-3-2. Harmonics < 5 mA or < 0.6 % (whatever is greater) of the input current are not considered for calculation of THD.

5. Functions

5.1 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit on the output side (LED) the LED Driver protects itslef. After elimination of the short-circuit fault the LED Driver will recover automatically.

5.2 No-load operation

In no-load operation the output voltage will not exceed the specified max. output voltage.

5.3 Overload protection

If the output voltage range is exceeded the LED Driver will protect itself and LED may flicker. After elimination of the overload, the nominal operation is restored automatically.

5.4 Over temperature protection

The LED Driver is protected against temporary thermal overheating. If the temperature limit is exceeded the output current is reduced to limit to at a certain level.

6. Miscellaneous

6.1 Isolation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an isolation test with 500 V $_{\rm DC}$ for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal. The isolation resistance must be at least $2\,{\rm M}\Omega$.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V $_{AC}$ (or 1.414 x 1500 V $_{DC}$). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

6.2 Storage conditions

Humidity: 5 % up to max. 85 %,

not condensed

(max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

6.3 Additional information

Additional technical information at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> → Technical Data

Guarantee conditions at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> → Services

Life-time declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.