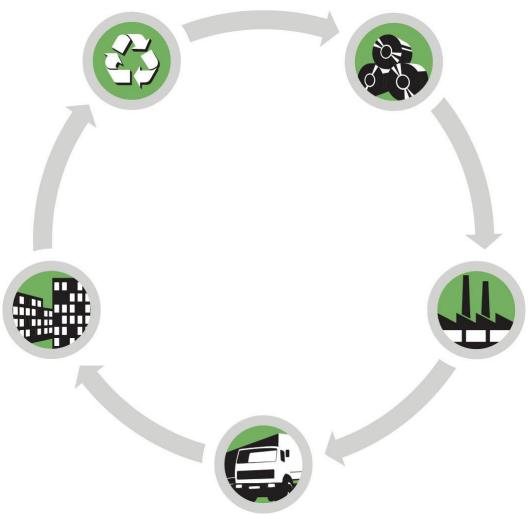
ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

According to EN ISO 14025 and EN 15804

This Declaration is ba	sed on the Product Category Rules (PCR) for 'Luminaires, lamps and components for luminaires' - 07.2014	
Declaration Holder:	Tridonic GmbH & Co KG Färbergasse 15, 6851 Dornbirn - Austria	
Program Holder:	Institut Bauen und Umwelt e. V. (IBU), Deutschland (<u>www.ibu-epd.com</u>)	Institut Bauen
Declaration number:	ECO-ZGR-87500273-Component-EU-2017-11-03	und Umwelt e.V.
Date of Issue:	2017-11-03	
Validity Date:	2022-11-03	



LED drivers LCBI 10W 180mA PHASE-CUT/1-10V SR 87500273



87500273 LCBI 10W 180mA PHASE-CUT/1-10V SR

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Environmental Product Declaration According to EN ISO 14025 and EN 15804





87500273 LCBI 10W 180mA PHASE-CUT/1-10V SR

Summary

Tridonic enables its customers around the world to develop energy-efficient and economic lighting applications and solutions. Through our lighting components, lighting management systems, connection technology and LED solutions we ensure the highest level of quality, competent advice and outstanding service.

This Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) is based on EN ISO 14025 and EN 15804 and describes the specific environmental impacts of the mentioned product. The declaration follows also the specified, concretising requirements of the verifying program holder Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU) with respect to the LCA calculation rules and the content of the (core-)EPD according to the underlying PCR-instructions (PCR: Product Category Rules) for 'Luminaires, lamps and components for luminaires' (Ref: IBU PCR Teil A und B).

The described product serves as declared unit. The declaration includes a product description, information on material composition, manufacturing, transport, use-stage, disposal and recycling, as well as results of the life cycle assessment. It is independently verified according to EN ISO 14025. EPDs of construction products are only comparable if figures are calculated according to the same PCR and suitable, mandatory use-stage scenarios.



LED drivers LCBI 10W 180mA PHASE-CUT/1-10V SR

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LCA results of selected parameters on basis of the chosen scenario

Assessment parameter	Unit	Production Stage	Construction Process Stage	Use-stage	End-of-Life Stage	Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary
		A1-A3	A4, A5	B6	C2-C4	D
Acidification Potential (AP)	[kg SO ₂ eq]	1,18E-02	2,51E-05	6,72E-01	7,82E-05	-2,75E-03
Eutrophication Potential (EP)	[kg PO ₄ ³⁻ eq]	8,22E-04	5,34E-06	6,01E-02	8,76E-06	-1,22E-04
Global Warming Potential (GWP100)	[kg CO ₂ eq]	2,22E+00	1,81E-02	2,41E+02	1,64E-01	-2,95E-01
Primary energy, renewable	[MJ]	3,32E+00	1,29E-02	1,18E+03	8,30E-02	-6,22E-01
Primary energy, non renewable	[MJ]	3,06E+01	1,40E-01	4,21E+03	3,25E-01	-4,01E+00

For a comprehensive description of the results please refer to chapter 4 Life Cycle Assessment Results.





1 Product description* and application



- Constant current LED driver
- Dimmable via leading edge and trailing edge phase dimmers
- Dimmable via 1 ... 10 V
- Output dimmed analogue (current amplitude)
- Dimming range typ. 10 to 100 % (depending on dimmer)
- For luminaires of protection class I and protection class II
- For luminaires with M and MM as per EN 60598, VDE 0710 and VDE 0711
- Temperature protection as per EN 61347-2-13 C5e
- SELV
- Output current 180, 350 or 500 mA
- Output power 10 W
- Nominal lifetime up to 50,000 h
- 5 years guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)

Note: Other technical data are not relevant with respect to the given context.

Additional information is available at http://www.tridonic.com/87500273.

Base materials / Ancillary materials*

Materials	weight [kg]	weight [%]	Materials	weight [kg]	weight [%]
Steel	1,15E-03	1,26	PVC	4,15E-04	0,45
Epoxy resin	1,03E-02	11,32	Electrolyte	1,74E-03	1,91
Silicon dioxide (SiO ₂)	1,39E-03	1,53	EPDM	1,53E-03	1,67
Silicon	4,82E-05	0,05	PBT	1,58E-03	1,73
Tin	4,97E-03	5,45	PPS	8,67E-06	0,01
Aluminum and alloys	5,44E-03	5,96	PA6	7,27E-03	7,97
Aluminum Oxide (Al ₂ O ₃)	8,16E-04	0,89	Silver in alloy	8,98E-07	0,00
Glass	3,25E-05	0,04	Polyurethane	3,06E-05	0,03
Copper alloys	7,95E-04	0,87	Chromium	1,70E-08	0,00
Lead	7,24E-06	0,01	Titanium and titanium alloys	2,04E-07	0,00
Tetrabromobisphenol A (TBBA)	1,04E-04	0,11	PC	3,22E-02	35,28
Tin in alloy	1,28E-03	1,41	Bismuth oxide (Bi ₂ O ₃)	1,35E-05	0,01
Antimony oxide (Sb ₂ O ₃)	1,81E-05	0,02	Zinc oxide	2,66E-04	0,29
Silver	8,89E-05	0,10	Dopant	5,99E-06	0,01
Inorganic flame retardants	1,79E-06	0,00	Nickel oxide	2,99E-06	0,00
Nickel in alloy	2,72E-08	0,00	Cobalt oxide (Co ₃ O ₄)	2,99E-06	0,00
Gold	8,67E-07	0,00	Brass	2,26E-04	0,25
Nickel	1,81E-05	0,02	EVA	3,21E-05	0,04
Palladium in alloy	4,72E-06	0,01	Paper	7,18E-04	0,79
Copper	1,23E-02	13,51	Chromium in alloy	1,70E-08	0,00
PET	9,53E-04	1,04	Not Considered	0,00E+00	0,00
Ferrites	5,43E-03	5,95	Total Weight	9,12E-02	100,00

* The calculation of the LCA results are solely based on the actual weight of all single material components in the table. The product weight

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Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex XIV

Zumtobel Group fulfils the requirements of the EU-Regulation REACH.

For lighting components from Tridonic the conformity of products is declared overall in a letter that can be downloaded from internet (status 09-2016): <u>http://www.tridonic.com/com/en/environmental-declarations.asp</u>

For the luminaire brands Thorn and Zumtobel a defined process was set up to secure the REACH conformity of purchased components for luminaire production. On that basis separate requests are answered individually.

Packaging	weight [kg]	weight [%]		
Cardboard/Paper	8,30E-03	100,00		
Not Considered	0,00E+00	0,00		
Total Weight	8,30E-03	100,00		

Life Cycle Stages - Overview



Manufacturing

The product is made in China, Shenzhen. The originating plant is certified according to ISO 9001 and ISO 14001.



Delivery

Products are mostly delivered by truck in Europe.



Use-stage

During the use-stage, consumption of electricity is taken into account.

Abnormal effects: Fire

The thermal load of the product is approximately 1,354 MJ. The calculation is based on the material composition and the gross calorific values of plastics.



End of life

The product is obliged to be professionally collected and recycled in accordance with the EU Directive 2012/19/EU on waste of electric and electronic equipment (WEEE). Tridonic fulfils its responsibility inside EU via participation in the national WEEE-Schemes. Outside EU the same is valid respectively, according to actual national regulations.

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According to EN ISO 14025 and EN 15804



2 LCA: Framework / Calculation rules

The declared unit is the product described in chapter 1 with a total weight of 9,12E-02 kg.

System boundaries

The life cycle assessment covers the whole life cycle; the EPD type is cradle-to-grave. The declared product does not contribute to any potential environmental effects in the modules marked with MND.

The following table provides an overview of the declared modules:

	Product assessment information (x = included in LCA, MND = module not declared)															
Product life cycle information						Supplementary information beyond the product life cycle										
Prod	luction S	tage	Constr Process				Us	se-stag	е			E	nd-of-L	ife Staç	ge	Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to building site	Construction installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction / demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, recovery or recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
	Х		х	Х	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	х	MND	MND	Х	Х	Х	Х

 A1-A3: Production: Power generation, production of base materials, pre-products, ancillary materials, processing of secondary materials, packaging materials, installation of products; transport of base materials and purchased components as well as in-house transport is taken into account.

- · A4: delivery of products from plant to customer
- A5: effort (energy and material) and emissions of packaging incineration / landfilling
- B6: operational energy use (electricity consumption)
- C2: transport scenario for material recovery resp. Incineration or waste disposal
- · C3: pre-treatment of scrap for the subsequent recycling process (shredder)
- C4: Incineration of non-recyclable and combustible materials, disposal of non-combustible residual materials (assumption: incineration plant with R1 < 0,6)
- D: Returns for succeeding systems by energy recovery from incineration plants (from A5 and C4) and material recovery incl. recycling efforts

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Cut-off rules

In the assessment of the production stage (A1-A3), all available data from production are considered, i.e. all raw materials used as per formulation, utilised thermal energy, and electric power consumption. Thus material and energy flows contributing less than 1 % of mass or energy may have also been considered to some extent. Machines and facilities required during production are neglected. The production of etiquettes, tape and glue is also neglected. It can be assumed that the total sum of neglected processes does not exceed 5 % of energy usage and mass per module A, B, C or D.

Data quality

The data for the manufacturing of the product are average values, due to the analysis of the factory for 12 months. The used data are not older than 5 years. The basic data used in the calculation are consistent, reproducible, comparable and up to date. Necessary background data result from the GaBi ts 7.3 database. The geographical representativeness of generic or average data reflects the region where the production is located.

Description of data

The demand for electrical energy of manufacturing processes is modelled with specific data, if available.

For electric power consumption during manufacturing, country specific energy mixes are taken into account. The energy mix considered for the electric power consumption during the use-stage is described in the use-stage scenario.

In case specific data on manufacturing processes is not available, generic data from the GaBi ts 7.3 database is used instead. Generic data is used for the upstream processes beyond manufacturer's influence. Information on secondary material for upstream processes is available and considered.

Allocation

Recycling of metals and glass is considered. Material reused in succeeding systems is included in module D.

During manufacture of the products no side products arise. In background datasets appropriate allocations are used according to documentation.

Comparability

Basically a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only reasonable if all respective datasets are made according to EN 15804 and the context of the building respectively the use-stage scenario and the specific characteristic of the product are considered.

Environmental Product Declaration

According to EN ISO 14025 and EN 15804



3 LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

Delivery scenario

Standard scenario is the delivery in Europe by truck. The weight of the transported unit includes product with packaging.

Transport to building site

Name	
litres of fuel	1,95E-04
Transport distance [km]	1 500
Capacity utilisation (including empty runs)	85

Use-stage scenario

During the use-stage, consumption of electricity is taken into account.

Use-stage model				
Total active time [hours]	50 000			
Total passive time [hours]	50 000			
Correction factors $F_{CP}^{}/F_{D}^{}$ for dimming	1/0,8			
Energy Mix	EU			

The Constant Illuminance Factor F_{CP} and the Daylight Dependency Factor F_{D} are considered according to EN 15193.

The minimal nominal power required to produce light from the supply voltage is used for the calculation.

Energy consumption in the use-stage according to the use-stage model				
Nominal Power [W]	13,0			
Passive Power [W]	0,0			
Constant Illuminance Control False				
Dimmable True				
Total Energy Consumption [kWh] (B6)	520,0			
Primary energy demand due to Total Energy Consumption [MJ] 5 385,9				

Some functionality may require further controls not considered in this context.

Precise power consumption data for specific lighting solutions or applications need to be calculated separately.





End-of-life scenario (C/D)

The End of Life scenario is based on a material split and respective recycling rates. In the applied scenario it is assumed that all metals and 70 % of glass parts are to be recycled, plastics are incinerated. The remaining parts of the product are landfilled. The energy required for treatment of materials (e.g. shredding processes) is included.

End-of-Life (C1-C4) and reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials (D), relevant scenario information

Name	Value in kg	Share in %
Collected separately (WEEE)	0,091	100,000
Recycling / Reuse in next system	0,020	21,669
Energy recovery	0,070	76,396
Landfilling	0,001	1,149

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Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.

Benefits and loads beyond

the system

boundary ъ

Reuse, recovery c recycling potential

D

-1,56E-04

-3,58E+00

-2,75E-03

-1,22E-04

-2,95E-01

-1,34E-09

-1,48E-04

Disposal

C4

2,20E-08

6,27E-02

3,75E-05

4,90E-06

1,49E-01

2,51E-13

2,32E-06

4 LCA: Life Cycle Assessment Results

The evaluation is conducted according to characterization factors of EN 15804-1+A1 (and essential addenda).

B6

7,81E-05

2,62E+03

6,72E-01

6,01E-02

2,41E+02

1,71E-07

4,63E-02

C2

3,76E-11

7,78E-03

1,44E-06

3,34E-07

5,65E-04

2,60E-15

-4,13E-07

C3

4,57E-09

1,53E-01

3,93E-05

3,52E-06

1,41E-02

1,00E-11

2,71E-06

Assessment parameter	Unit	Production Stage		ruction s Stage	Use-stage	End-of-Life Stag		
		Raw material supply and manu- facturing	Transport to building site	Constructi on installation process	Operational energy use	Transport	Waste processing	

A5

4,16E-10

1,39E-02

3,58E-06

3,20E-07

9,61E-03

9,12E-13

2,47E-07

A4

5,64E-10

1,17E-01

2,15E-05

5,02E-06

8,48E-03

3,89E-14

-6,19E-06

GWP
ODP

AP

EΡ

[kg Sb eq]

[MJ]

[kg SO₂ eq]

[kg PO₄³⁻ eq]

[kg CO₂ eq]

[kg R11 eq]

 $[kg C_2H_4 eq]$

Global Warming Potential =

Ozone Depletion Potential =

Acidification Potential =

Eutrophication Potential =

A1-A3

1,64E-04

2,82E+01

1,18E-02

8,22E-04

2,22E+00

2,61E-10

8,83E-04

Photochemical ozone creation potential =

POCP ADPE ADPF

= Abiotic Depletion Potential (ADP elements)

= Abiotic Depletion Potential (ADP fossil fuels)

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ADPE

ADPF

AP

EΡ

GWP

ODP

POCP

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Assessment parameter	Unit	Production Stage	Construction Process Stage		Use- stage	End-of-Life Stage			Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary
		Raw material supply and manu- facturing	Transport to building site	Constructi on installation process	Operational energy use	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, recovery or recycling potential
		A1-A3	A4	A5	B6	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	[MJ]	3,32E+00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERM	[MJ]	0,00E+00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERT	[MJ]	3,32E+00	6,63E-03	6,27E-03	1,18E+03	4,42E-04	6,89E-02	1,37E-02	-6,22E-01
PENRE	[MJ]	2,92E+01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENRM	[MJ]	1,35E+00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PENRT	[MJ]	3,06E+01	1,17E-01	2,24E-02	4,21E+03	7,81E-03	2,46E-01	7,13E-02	-4,01E+00
SM	[kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
RSF	[MJ]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NRSF	[MJ]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FW	[kg]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 2: LCA results: input of resources

PERE	=	Use of renewable primary energy as energy source
PERM	=	Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials
PERT	=	Total use of renewable primary energy resources
PENRE	=	Use of non renewable primary energy as energy source
PENRM	=	Use of non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials
PENRT	=	Total use of non renewable primary energy resources
SM	=	Use of secondary material
RSF	=	Use of renewable secondary fuels
NRSF	=	Use of non renewable secondary fuels
FW	=	Use of net fresh water

Table 3: LCA results: Waste categories and other output flows

		A1-A3	A4	A5	B6	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	[kg]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NHWD	[kg]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RWD	[kg]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CRU	[kg]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MFR	[kg]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,98E-02	0,00E+00	-
MER	[kg]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
EEE	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	2,60E-01	-
EET	[MJ]	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,36E-01	-

HWD

= Hazardous waste disposed = Non-hazardous waste disposed

NHWD

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RWD =	Radioactive waste	disposed
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- CRU = Components for re-use
- MFR = Materials for recycling
- MER Materials for energy recovery =
- EEE Exported electrical energy =
- Exported thermal energy FFT

Not all of the used inventories for the calculation of the LCA support the methodological approach for the declaration of water and waste indicators. The material amounts, displayed with these inventories contribute significantly to the Product Stage. The indicators are not declared (decision of IBU advisory board 2013-01-07).

Interpretation

The primary energy demand and environmental impact of the considered product is basically determined by the expenditure in the use-stage. This is due to the provision of light based on electricity consumption and the related upstream processes for electricity generation.

The production stage has a minor contribution on the environmental impact regarding the overall life cycle. The considered transport processes are not significant.

The heating value, resulting from the content of plastic determines the energy gain during the end-of-life scenario. Recycled material can be reused in next systems. Energie gained from incineration processes and recycled materials for succeeding systems are considered in modul D.

5 Verification

This EPD including the results of the Life-Cycle Analysis is based on an LCA modelling (EPD system), verified by an independent third party.

It's the sole responsibility of the manufacturer to secure the correctness of any input data entered into the system. The owner of the declaration is liable for the underlying data and certificates; liability of IBU is disclosed with respect to manufacturer's information, LCA data and certificates.

The CEN standard EN 15804 serves as core PCR. The verification of the generation process of this EPD was done externally by a third party independent according to EN ISO 14025.

Third party verifier:

(IBU) e.V.

deanth Wards Matthias Schulz, appointed by the Advisory Board of the Institute Construction and Environment

Dr. Alexander Röder, Director of the Institute Construction and Environment (IBU) e.V.

Director:



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Literature

AgBB	Health-related Evaluation Procedure for Volatile Organic compounds Emissions (VOC and SVOC) from building Products
EN 15804	EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 Sustainability of construction works – Environmental Product Declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products
EN 15193-1	EN 15193-1:2017 Energy performance of buildings. Energy requirements for lighting
EN ISO 14025	EN ISO 14025:2011: Environmental labels and declarations - Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures
EN ISO 14040	EN ISO 14040:2006: Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Principles and framework
EN ISO 14044	EN ISO 14044:2006: Environmental management – Life cycle assessment – Requirements and guidelines
GaBi	GaBi Software Family, thinkstep AG
GaBi DB	GaBi 2016, dataset documentation for the software-system and database, LBP, University of Stuttgart and thinkstep AG, Leinfelden-Echterdingen, 2016 (http://www.gabi-software.com/international/support/gabi/gabi- database-2016-lci-documentation/)
ISO 15686	ISO 15686:2011-05, Buildings and constructed assets - Service life planning - Part 1: General principles and framework
PCR part A	Product Category Rules for Building-Related Products and Services Part A: Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Project report, Version 1.4,2016, Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)
PCR part B	Product Category Rules for Building-Related Products and Services Part B: Requirements on the EPD for Luminaires, lamps and components for luminaires, Version 1.6, July 04, 2014, Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)
Pilot LCA 2010	LCA of Luminaires and Components for Luminaires, PE INTERNATIONAL, on behalf of Zumtobel Group, 2010
REACH	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)
Report 2011	Software solution for the automated generation of Environmental Product Declarations (EPDs), July 2011 (adapted 2012, 2013), PE INTERNATIONAL AG
RoHS 2011	Directive 2011/65/EU of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment
Screening LCA	Screening Study Zumtobel: Influence of the energy consumption in the production phase, thinkstep 2018
SVR 20130322-0	Decision No. 20130322-o of the advisory board of IBU regarding process requirements for system verification type 2, 22.03.2013
WEEE 2012	Directive 2012/19/EU of 4 July 2012 on waste of electric and electronic equipment (WEEE)

Author of the Life Cycle Assessment:



thinkstep AG Hauptstraße 111-113 70771 Leinfelden-Echterdingen Germany

Environmental Product Declaration

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Annex A: Additional assessment parameter France

Assessment parameter	Unit	Production Stage	Construction Process Stage		Er	Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary			
		Raw material supply and manu- facturing	Transport to building site	Constructi on installation process	Operational energy use	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, recovery or recycling potential
		A1-A3	A4	A5	B6	C2	C3	C4	D
ADPE (Fr)*	kg Sb-eq.	1,64E-04	5,60E-10	4,13E-10	7,77E-05	3,73E-11	4,54E-09	2,19E-08	-1,56E-04
Water Pollution	m ³	7,60E+02	3,35E+00	8,39E-02	1,58E+04	2,23E-01	9,22E-01	6,04E-01	-1,91E+02
Air Pollution	m ³	2,18E+02	3,81E-01	7,57E-02	1,42E+04	2,54E-02	8,32E-01	2,27E+00	-3,04E+01

Table A 1: Additional Data according to French requirements (supplement Table 1)

ADPE (fr) = Abiotic Depletion Potential (ADP elements) - French version

Environmental Product Declaration

According to EN ISO 14025 and EN 15804

